(XLVIth YEAR.) THE (No. 2280.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1790.

GENOA, *May* 20.

GOVERNMENT having received accounts from different parts, that the Barbary corsairs increased in our seas, and were of great detriment to trade and navigation, have ordered a frigate to sail towards the Levant, to drive the Barbarians away.

Government has sent ten patents to different captains who are each of them to form their own companies, which are to consist of 100 men each.

We learn from Cagliari that a Barbarian vessel having been discovered in the waters of Taccolara, two armed shallops were sent out to take her, which they did; and it is said they found on board the corsair 21,000 sequins, besides a vast quantity of valuable merchandise.

BRUSSELS, *June* 29.

Official intelligence of a skirmish between the Belgic patriots and the Austrians:—

"On the 24th inst. the Austrians attacked our posts on the side of Hav. The light infantry, and two companies of Millevois and Van Præt's, commanded by Van Præt, and a picquet under the orders of lieutenants Mulemens and Mertens, posted near the castle of Harscamp, made a noble defence. They defended themselves two hours in some entrenchments which they suddenly made, in defiance to the enemy, who began to increase every moment.

"At length, however, they retreated in good order to the mountain Belair, being compelled to this step by two pieces of cannon which the enemy fired on them incessantly.

"Hence they dispatched couriers for reinforcements. Captain Millevois, mean while, mustered as many dragoons as possible, and Van Præt followed with the regiment of infantry from Antwerp.

"Our troops, perceiving succour at hand, ascended the mountain about half way, where the fire of the enemy was very brisk; two cannons, one a three and the other a six pounder, discharging balls and cannister shot.

"At this moment our dragoons and infantry discovered that three companies of the enemy's infantry had gained the heights of the mountain; and concluding that they must sustain a very galling fire if they continued on the mount, our troops descended to the plain, where they were immediately followed by the hussars and infantry of the enemy. The action now became general, and we lost several men.

"Notwithstanding the fire of the enemy from two pieces of cannon, we killed many horses and men. Five of the hussars were made prisoners of war. In the evening the cannon from our quarters came too late to be of service. By the bravery of our troops the Austrians were compelled to fall back to the castle, where a battery protected them. On the following night they abandoned this post, and we are now in possession of it. Our troops behaved bravely, and received the thanks of the commander in chief."

Imprimatur, VAN EUPEN.

TORBAY, *July* 4.

Intelligence is received here that a second division of the Spanish fleet, consisting of fourteen sail of the line, is cruising to the southward of that of nine sail, announced to us before.

It appears that the Cronstadt and Revel ships have joined, and now lie in number 28 sail before Peterburgh; in consequence of this junction, the Swedish fleet thought it prudent to retreat to Biorko, 70 English miles from Petersburgh; and in the narrow sea in which they are, both fleets (and the Russian is the superior) are by far too large in size and number to act with advantage; and, in case of another engagement, it will depend more upon the management and discipline of the ships opposed, than their numbers.

LIVERPOOL, *July* 15.

Twelve persons are now in the infirmary, having been bitten by mad dogs: Several other dogs, suspected to be mad, are now at large, which, if suffered to continue, the most serious consequences may be apprehended: It is earnestly requested that all owners of dogs will confine them for a month.

We are happy to find no signs of the hydrophobia have yet appeared, and that the idle reports of some persons being smothered, is without foundation.

LONDON, *July* 1.

Extract of a letter from Oxford, June 10.

"On Friday last, at ten o'clock at night, Dr. Beddoes, Mr. Edwards, a commoner of Pembroke college, and Mr. Sadler, the famous English aerostatist (which latter gentleman has invented a very simple and excellent apparatus, with which gas may be collected with the greatest ease and expedition) sent up a balloon from Pembroke college green, filled with hydrogen gas from minerals, to represent and account for the production of meteors, which it did in a very satisfactory and pleasing manner.

"When the balloon had gained a certain height it suddenly caught fire; after it was consumed, the air with which it was filled still retained its globular form, and continued rolling about at a great height for a considerable time, and gave such an amazing light, as almost to resemble the sun."

The city of Chester has lately been honoured with the appearance of a prophet. The conversation and behaviour of this man overstep the usual bounds of eccentricity: he says the Millenium commenced five years ago, and that he foretold it several years before; the Messiah, he declares, is now at Lambeth, by whom he is appointed a missionary. He says, he has given up a place in the customs of 500l. per annum, to embrace this more profitable appointment. He has with him several printed posting bills, which he leaves at public houses by way of proclamation. Several letters have been put into the post-office by him, directed, "For the Messiah, Lambeth." It is extraordinary, that the conversation of this man, on every other subject evinces a highly rational and well informed mind, enriched with a knowledge of several of the living languages, but, alas! touch this his favourite string, however slightly, and his mental faculties immediately lose their harmony, get out of tune, and fall into discord and derangement. His appearance is decent and respectable.

Extract of a letter from Chelmsford, July 3.

"On Wednesday night last the George Inn in this town, and adjoining houses, narrowly escaped destruction by fire, through rats, in the following singular manner: the maid-servant put the children to bed, and left a lighted candle set safe in the room; towards the latter part of the evening the washer-woman had occasion to pass through that room with a basket of cloaths which had been washed that day, when the candle stood safe; but on their return through the same room they discovered the candlestick was beat down and the candle missing, and smelt something disagreeable like singed hair. They informed Mr. Dench thereof, who knowing the house to be pestered with rats, immediately judged the rats must have taken the candle alight into their hole, which, on further search he found they had. He then poured down the hole such a quantity of water as was supposed to be sufficient to prevent any further consequences. Soon after Mrs. Lee of the next house, in her usual way, went to look into every apartment of her premises, to see if all was safe before she went to bed, when she saw a small light shine from the joist of Mr. Dench's house; she supposed some person was going to bed there and that it was the light from their candle, but could not be easy till she went again to look at the light before she went to bed, when she found it had become considerably larger. On this she alarmed Mr. Dench, who immediately got at the place, and after unroofing a few tiles, found the candle had fired the joist in such a manner, that had it not been so fortunately discovered by Mrs. Lee, the house must in a short time have been in flames."

On Monday the 7th instant, a common hack horse, the property of a person near Birmingham, upon the turnpike road leading from thence to Hales Owen, trotted three miles in 12 minutes and 15 seconds: walked three miles in 38 minutes and 15 seconds; and galloped three miles in eight minutes and 20 seconds; being in the whole one minute and ten seconds under the hour, in which time it was undertaken he should perform the whole, for a wager of 20 guineas.

July 6. On Sunday last a very curious and uncommon phænomenon occurred in one of the gardens at Dumfries:—A hive of bees having cast, happened to light upon an adjacent one, and soon after began to enter. The bees within perceiving the encroachment, and alarmed at the number of the intruders, immediately declared their intention of repelling the invaders, by a general hum, which was no sooner made than they all came forth in order of battle. A dreadful conflict then ensued, which lasted upwards of three hours, when the besiegers were at last forced to retreat, after a very obstinate struggle, with the loss of about two thousand.

A new ship has lately been launched at Cadiz, which is by far the largest ever built; it is a four decker, and is said to carry 150 guns.

Warrants passed the treasury last week for the delivery of 30,000 gallons of rum, duty free, into his majesty's stores at Portsmouth, for the use of the navy.

Mr. Hubbard, ship-broker, in the city, has the contract for 200 sail of transports for twelve months certain.

July 10. The public have been hitherto rather uninformed of the nature of the answers brought by different messengers from the court of Madrid on the subject of the present disputes with Spain; it is therefore with great satisfaction we are enabled to state the general outline of them, and we believe with the utmost precision and correctness, as the court of Spain has made no secret of the answer transmitted to our court on the subject of the remonstrance presented by it through Mr. Fisher.

The court of Spain observes, that the differences subsisting between the two courts involve in them two distinct questions—that of the matter of fact, and that of right. That, as to the fact, it is acknowledged that English vessels were captured at Nootka Sound.

The court of Spain agrees in the justice of making satisfaction for these captures; but it desires that it might be reciprocal—that is, Spain will give satisfaction if she be in the wrong.—This grand question of satisfaction is however subsequent to the question of right, which diametrically contradicts the demand of previous satisfaction on which the court of London insists.

As to question of right—that must be determined by future negotiation with Mr. Fitzherbert, as well as a further consideration of the claims which each party has to make good.

July 12. By the late accounts from the Baltic, the junction of the Russian fleets does not seem to have been so formidable to the Swedes as was at first expected. The king of Sweden, far from appearing to be awed by that junction, or seeking the protection of his own shores, not only keeps the sea, but insults the coast of his enemy, and actually makes a descent within a few miles of her capital.

On the continent so much of the campaign has been spent in negotiation, that there is reason to hope for a conclusion to the bloody and destructive contest of ambition between the two empires and the Porte. The king of Prussia, backed by the alliance of Great-Britain and Holland, holds the balance of arbitration with an army of fifty thousand men ready to act as occasion may require.

Our armaments proceed with unabated vigour, but without any apparent disposition for immediate action. The bold demand of satisfaction previous to discussion, is evidently abandoned. Mr. Fitzherbert has stated that demand to the court of Madrid, if any such was ever meant to be made; dispatches have been received from him, and no intimation has been given of its having been complied with, nor orders issued to claim it by force of arms. Like other ministerial bravadoes, it has served the temporary purpose of raising the spirits of the minister's friends, during the general election, and will now be retracted and explained away.

Had Spain been seriously disposed to war, her policy would have been to endeavour to strike some important blow in the first instance, instead of waiting cooly till we were prepared to meet her.

It has been said that France, without an apparent breach of neutrality, may lend her seamen to Spain, and that many thousands of them have already been secretly conveyed to Spanish ports.

The Irish, imitating the example of the British parliament, has voted £.200,000 towards the expence of the present armaments, without any opposition.

The reports that have, for so many days, been flying about of the attack upon Gibraltar, of the capture of Spanish vessels, &c. are not yet confirmed, and therefore are not now credited; but it is certain that the Spaniards are employing near 4000 men in repairing the old, and erecting new fortifications on the peninsula before Gibraltar. Bomb-proof casements are, however, now added to the works of that fortress, so that our troops can go from battery to battery without being seen by the enemy.

The Austrian Netherlands still continue in their former state of confusion. Nothing but confiscation and imprisonment are going on among them, and every thing tending hastily to subject them again to the house of Austria.

ULTIMATUM OF RUSSIA.

The empress of Russia has ordered her minister, count d'Osterman, to send to all her ministers at foreign courts, a copy of the real proposals she will agree to, for concluding a peace with the Turks, in order that they may communicate the same respectively, to remove the impressions made by different news-papers, especially those of Germany, which have printed articles of pacification, as being communicated from her to the courts of London and Berlin, but which, in fact, never did exist.

The minister has, in consequence, written a circular letter, wherein, after enumerating the first beginning of the disputes, the imprisonment of M. Bulgakow, and the king of Sweden's unprovoked attack (all of which the world are in possession of long since) he mentions the following as the empress's terms to make peace with the Turks.

The basis of negotiation her majesty founds on right of satisfaction for wilful offences committed against her dignity; a reasonable recompence for the losses and enormous expence of the war, and a surety for the solidity and duration of a future peace; therefore, respecting the Ottoman Porte, these three points are necessary:

Art. 1. The simple and pure renewal of the ancient treaties and agreements which have taken place between the two powers, since the peace of Kainardgi

and the late ruptures; and the eſtabliſhment of a new frontier between the two empires, marked by the river Dnieſter, and including the ceſſion of the town of D'Ackerman.

Art. 2. The provinces of Moldavia, Wallachia and Beſſarabia, to be created principalities, free and independent of both empires, in ſuch a manner that, in future, they ſhall ſerve as a barrier to both—and thus, by removing an adjacent neighbourhood, prevent thoſe diviſions and quarrels which have hitherto been the ſole ſource of troubling their tranquillity.

Art. 3. The arrangement of theſe two points will ſufficiently provide for the third, which is, that of making a ſolid, ſtable and laſting peace.

As to Sweden, the empreſs demands nothing but the re-eſtabliſhment of the ancient treaties of Neuſtadt and d'Abo, with an entire oblivion of what has paſſed.

The empreſs appeals to the impartial, whether ſhe does not, in the above, diſplay her generoſity and love of peace, by offering to one party a reſtitution of the greateſt part of her conqueſts, reſerving only a little for expences; and to the other ſhe has not only ſacrificed a reſentment for unprovoked and unheard of inſults, without requiring any more than what is for the repoſe and welfare of Sweden.

It is therefore deſired, that the above may be made known, to remove the falſe impreſſions which the public papers, either through ignorance or malice, have endeavoured to make; and to aſſure the world that her Imperial majeſty, fixed in an opinion of her equity and impartiality, will not relax in the cares which animate her to conclude a ſpeedy peace by every means, and on every condition compatible with her dignity, honour, and the eſſential intereſts of her empire.

Signed, C. J. D'OSTERMAN.

S A L E M, *September* 7.

Laſt Saturday, captain Ropes arrived here from Port-au-Prince, which he left on the 13th of July, at which time the commotions in that iſland appeared to be ſubſiding. But on his paſſage captain Ropes ſpoke with captain Bradbury of Portland, who ſailed three days after him, and informed him, that when he ſailed the people were aſſembling in arms at Leogane and the other out ports, apparently with a deſign of attacking Port-au-Prince, the principal inhabitants of which were adherents to the old government, and had taken up arms to act in conjunction with the ſtanding troops in ſupport of it. The town being thus in poſſeſſion of the anti-revoluioniſts, great numbers of families in the popular intereſt had quitted it; but, in conſequence of the expected attack, the troops took poſſeſſion of the different paſſes, to prevent any further migrations: and three armed brigs anchored before the harbour, to co-operate with the troops. Such were the hoſtile appearances then, the event of which we have not heard.

The immediate cauſe of theſe commotions was the convening of an aſſembly at St. Marks, to legiſlate for the iſland. This aſſembly had diſperſed, in conſequence of the diſturbances; and the leading members, it was ſuppoſed, had gone on-board a 74 gun ſhip and frigate, and ſailed for France, to make a repreſentation to the national aſſembly.—The captain of the 74 gun ſhip being unfavourable to the popular cauſe, he had been before ſent on ſhore at Port-au-Prince, and the firſt lieutenant took the command.

NEW-YORK, *September* 13.

Extract of a letter from Savanna-la-Mar, July 26.

"The ſnow Columbus, captain Maſon, which was to have ſailed to-day, for Leith, had the terrible misfortune to catch fire on Saturday night, and burnt to the water's edge. The cargo is entirely conſumed. The people had barely time to get into the boats and ſave their lives; ſome of them are much ſcorched. Captain Baker ſaved his papers by the carpenter's venturing in at the cabin windows for them.

"The fire was occaſioned by the ſailors dividing ſome rum; and through their careleſſneſs a candle fell upon what was ſpilled, which taking fire, communicated to the hold."

A writer in a late London newſpaper, thus obſerves:—"The ſcale of liberty in France will probably riſe higher than our own. The French have already accompliſhed objects of extreme importance, which will materially elevate them in the eye of foreign powers. We hope they will in time turmount the barriers of local deſtiny, and every other obſtacle which impoſes the progreſs of national proſperity: Their preſent ſituation reminds us of that ancient huſbandman, mentioned by *Tully* in his *Dialogue on Old Age*, who on being aſked, "*for whom, at his years, he could be planting an oak*," replied with generous magnanimity, "*for poſterity and the immortal Gods.*"

Extract of a letter from Philadelphia, dated September 6.

"Strange as it may ſeem, the following is related here for a fact.—A gentleman who reſides in Derby (ſeven miles from this place) has a dog, who every morning goes down to the river, and ſcarcely ever fails of bringing home with him a large catfiſh. Some time ago, the owner made a journey to Pittſburg, about 320 miles diſtant, in company with the dog. By ſome accident, or poſſibly being weary of remaining too long at Pittſburg, the dog ſeparated from his maſter, and came home alone, to the great diſtreſs of the family, who from this circumſtance imagined he muſt have been killed, or at leaſt met with ſome fatal accident. The maſter's fortunate arrival, however, a few days after, relieved them from their anxiety, and left them to admire the ſagacity of a dog who has not only the ſurpriſing faculty of catching fiſh, but could find his way alone 320 miles through a ſtrange country without the leaſt knowledge of geography, or any other of the arts or ſciences commonly taught in our ſchools."

Extract of a letter from London, received by the July packet.

"A reduction of the rate of intereſt upon money is actually in contemplation with the miniſtry, and will ſoon become both in England and Ireland a ſerious object of parliamentary diſcuſſion—this reduction of intereſt will doubtleſs induce the monied men in England to inveſt their property in the funds of the United States of America, where we underſtand a high intereſt will be paid. Intelligent and unprejudiced men in this country, conſider the ſecurity under your new government as perfectly good, and the ſituation of the funds of America becomes daily more known in Europe; we are anxiouſly waiting to know the terms upon which congreſs will fund the debt of the United States."

CHAMBERSBURG, *September* 2.

Several perſons lately from the Ohio country inform, that great preparations were making, by the immediate direction of governor St. Clair, for a formidable expedition into the Indian country. The forces, it is ſaid, will conſiſt of 500 militia from the frontier counties of this ſtate, and 1000 from Kentucky, to be ſupported by a detachment of continental troops—the whole to rendezvous about ten miles below Whelen ſome time in the beginning of this month. Whether this force is deſigned to cover ſome negotiation with the Indians on that quarter, or to commence hoſtilities againſt them, is not yet certainly known; but the latter is expected, and hoped for by the inhabitants of the Weſtern waters.

PHILADELPHIA, *September* 15.

Extract of a letter from Curracoa, dated Auguſt 14.

"A very violent gale of wind happened here on the night of the 11th inſtant. It began at 12 o'clock and continued till about 8 o'clock the next day, commencing with great violence at N. E. but ſuddenly ſhifting to S. E. did conſiderable damage, chiefly to the buildings near the water, on the ſouth ſide of the Iſland; many of them were undermined by the ſea, and fell—a new fort, eaſt of the town, is nearly deſtroyed. Four veſſels were blown from their moorings; three, however, received but little damage, the other I think will be loſt.

REMARKABLE PHÆNOMENON,

Obſerved by captain Moulton, of the Earl of Effingham, who arrived at London in June laſt, from Jamaica.

The above ſhip made her paſſage in 48 days off the Iſle of Wight. When ſhe was near the banks of Newfoundland, a man at the topmaſt head, on the look-out, was uncommonly ſurpriſed, at ſun-riſing, and called out, *A very large ſail indeed! a large ſail!*

All hands now came upon deck, and the rays of the ſun beginning to diſſipate, or, as it were, to lift up the curtain of the fog, they eſpied the ſuppoſed ſail, about a mile diſtant from the Earl of Effingham.

Its appearance was that of a mountainous field or plain, covered with ſnow, and the rays of the ſun darting upon it under the fog, gave it a ſingularly picturesque appearance. Their opinions were divided on what it might be, when a clear horizon ſucceeding, enabled them to form a deciſive judgment. But, how great was their aſtoniſhment, when, on a nearer view, inſtead of a large ſhip, they diſcovered it to be a vaſt field of tremendous mountains of ice—a moſt unexpected phænomenon in that latitude.

They congratulated each other on their narrow eſcape from deſtruction; for had they fallen in with it in the night, under a leading wind, under which they were ſailing, their fate would have been more certain than that which befel the Guardian.

The poſſibility of the Guardian's meeting with the large fields of ice, after ſo few days ſailing from the Cape, has been much doubted; but if the credibility due to the teſtimony of lieutenant Riou, as well as that of the gentlemen arrived in England, is not a convincing proof of the fact, the circumſtance above mentioned is ſufficient to evince it.

The following is copied from the Salem Gazette of the 7th inſtant, received by yeſterday's mail:

"TRANQUILLITY.

"On Sunday the brig Leopard, captain Woodbury, arrived here in 42 days from Bilboa; and on the authority of a letter from Mr. Gardoque to a merchant in this town, received by her, we are enabled to ſay, that the diſpute between Great-Britain and Spain, which has cauſed ſuch formidable armaments, and kept expectation ſo long upon the ſtretch, is at length amicably ſettled, by negotiation. This letter is dated the 22d of July."

Benjamin Bourne, Eſquire, of Providence, by a large majority of votes is choſen repreſentative to congreſs, for Rhode-Iſland diſtrict.

Extract of a letter from Boſton, September 6.

"The various contradictory accounts of war ſtill continue to diſtract us. We have lately had more poſitive aſſertions than one, that war is actually declared between Great-Britain and Spain. But we have, as yet, good reaſon (not to ſay poſitive proof) to induce us to ſuſpend our belief that any ſuch declaration has taken place. What perſon, too, in his ſober ſenſes would yield any credit to the aſſertions of a man that has ſeen a man, that has heard of another man that was told by a third man, who had heard it from ſome other man, that had it from good authority, that ſome Britiſh frigates had run the gauntlope through a fleet of Spaniſh men of war, cruizing off Cape St. Vincents?—And yet, upon ſuch abſurd reports as theſe a great part of our preſent news, relative to war, is founded."

The London Gazette of July 10, contains the lord lieutenant's ſpeech to the Iriſh parliament, and addreſſes from both houſes to the king and the lord lieutenant, thanking them for the communication made to them from the throne, reſpecting the capture of the veſſels in Nootka Sound, and aſſuring his majeſty "that they will ſtand and fall with Great-Britain, and co-operate in ſuch meaſures as the honour of his crown, the eſſential rights of all his ſubjects, and the united and mutual intereſts of the empire may demand."

Extract of a letter from a perſon in London, to a correſpondent in Carolina.

"A very alarming circumſtance has taken place in London:—A man has wounded in the ſtreets ſeveral ladies and other women; ſome are ſaid to be dead of their wounds. He has a dirk in a ſtick with which he cuts them in the back and other parts of the body; this is done in open day-light and even when ſhoot-mee have been following their miſtreſſes. A number of gentlemen have ſubſcribed for the taking of him; and a Mr. Angerſtein has advertiſed 100l. for apprehending him. Several perſons who anſwered the deſcription in dreſs have been apprehended and carried before the magiſtrates, and the ladies who have been ſaid have attended, but as yet he is not found. He is advertiſed by the name of the monſter. It is ſaid he is as fleet as a deer. I am of opinion there are a great number of them, as the miſchief is done in different parts of London. This morning we had an account that yeſterday in Saliſbury court he preſented a noſegay to a lady to ſmell to, and that in it there was a ſharp knife, with which he cut her face in a ſhocking manner."

WINCHESTER, *Auguſt* 28.

Advices from the weſtward, received ſince our laſt, mention, that four boats lately going down the Ohio, were decoyed on ſhore by two white men, the crews of which, with the boats, were unfortunately taken by a body of 130 Indians, who were laying in ambuſh waiting their landing. One of the captives, we are informed, has ſince made his eſcape. The emigrators of that country cannot be too cautious of landing, or going near the banks of the river, as many have before ſuffered by ſuch imprudent conduct.

ANNAPOLIS, *September* 23.

The preſident of the United States has been pleaſed to appoint Robert Morris judge for the diſtrict of New-Jerſey, in the place of the honourable David Brearly, deceaſed.

At a meeting of the deputies from a number of the counties in this ſtate, for the purpoſe of fixing on proper characters to recommend to the people, as their repreſentatives in congreſs, at the approaching election, the following reſolution and addreſs were agreed to:

RESOLVED, That it is the opinion of this meeting that, under our preſent circumſtances, unanimity and a ſpirit of mutual conceſſion are the only means of ſecuring the great object of our deputation, and that, governed by theſe conſiderations, the following ticket be earneſtly recommended to the patronage and warm ſupport of the people of this ſtate, as containing the moſt proper characters which could be obtained out of the liſt of candidates offered to our choice, to repreſent them in congreſs:

For the 1ſt Diſt.	Michael Jenifer Stone,	Eſquires.
2d Do.	James Tilghman, of James,	
3d Do.	Benjamin Contee,	
4th Do.	George Gale,	
5th Do.	Samuel Sterett,	
6th Do.	Daniel Carroll,	

To the PEOPLE of MARYLAND.

GENTLEMEN,

STRONGLY impreſſed with the neceſſity of exertion and unanimity at the enſuing election, we beg leave, under the powers delegated to us by a reſpectable part of the people of this ſtate, to recommend to your conſideration and attention the reſult of our deliberations. We are well aware, that a diverſity of ſentiment has prevailed in the ſeveral counties and diſtricts with reſpect to the moſt proper characters to repreſent you in congreſs, and we conceive the preſent deputation was made to endeavour, if poſſible, to reconcile theſe different opinions, and, by bringing them in concert, to give to every part of the ſtate its juſt weight in the ſcale of federal election. With this object in view, we moſt earneſtly recommend that all perſonal partialities and prejudices may, on this occaſion, yield to your true intereſts; and that the ſame temper of moderation, the ſame ſentiment of mutual conceſſion, which governed us in diſcuſſing the reſpective merits of your ſeveral candidates, may prevail with you in judging of, and deciding on, the ticket, which we now preſume to bring forward for your approbation.

In a ticket thus formed, it is not to be expected that every character recommended ſhould be the choice of each particular county or diſtrict; but thoſe who object ſhould have the candour to reflect, that, to anſwer the great end in view, the ſacrifice of opinion ſhould be mutual, and that the favourite character of one county or diſtrict, may not be the choice of the others. Upon the whole, we cannot but be of opinion, that the ticket propoſed is the beſt, that, under all circumſtances, could be formed out of thoſe characters who offer themſelves as candidates at the next election, and we ſincerely hope that every proper exertion will be made to enſure its ſucceſs.

Signed by order and on behalf of the meeting,

Wm. SMALLWOOD, Preſident.

RESOLVED, That the ſeveral Printers in this ſtate be requeſted to publiſh, in their reſpective papers, the above reſolution and addreſs.

SHERIFF's SALE.

By virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, to me directed from the general court, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, for ready CASH, at the dwelling house of WALTER M'PHERSON, in Charles county, near Pomonkey warehouse, on Tuesday the 19th day of October next, between the hours of twelve and four o'clock,

TWENTY-ONE LIKELY

NEGROES,

Consisting of men, women, boys, girls and children. Taken in execution and sold to satisfy a debt due from said M'PHERSON, to the State of Maryland.

T. A. DYSON, Sheriff of Charles county.

Sept. 16, 1790. 1

TO BE SOLD,

On the 25th of October, if fair, if not the next fair day, at the late dwelling plantation of Mr. JOHN BRYAN, deceased,

SUNDRY HORSES, CATTLE, HOGS and SHEEP, household FURNITURE and plantation UTENSILS.

All persons indebted to the estate are desired to attend on the said day and settle their accounts, and those having claims are requested to bring them in, legally proved, for settlement, as the subscribers are desirous to settle the business as quick as possible. The above sale will be for cash only. w3

LYDIA BRYAN, Executrix.
NATHAN VENNUMS, Executor.

*** The HOUSE and PLANTATION is to be LET. 1 6 7/6

Maryland, September 16, 1790.

By virtue of a deed of trust, by Mr. Gerard Blackiston Causin, *of Charles county, to me, will be SOLD, to the highest bidders, on the 7th day of December next*——

THIRTY-NINE NEGROES, men, women and children, among them are some valuable carpenters and house servants; also, a tract of LAND, containing about 918 acres, binding on the river Patowmack, at the mouth of Port Tobacco creek, in Charles county. The land will be sold in two parts, one containing about 535, and the other about 383 acres:—On the first is a very large genteel dwelling house, with every other necessary house for a family, tobacco houses, corn house, negro quarters, a garden, well paled in, and a considerable orchard of apple, peach, and other fruit-trees; and on the other a dwelling house for an overseer, a large negro quarter, a tobacco house, corn house, and a blacksmith's dwelling house and shop. This land is good for corn, tobacco, wheat and grass, pleasantly situated, within four miles of Port-Tobacco, in a good neighbourhood; both parts command a very extensive prospect of Patowmack river, Port-Tobacco creek, and the adjacent country of Virginia, as well as Maryland. Two years credit will be given, paying the interest annually; good personal security must also be given by the purchasers with a lien on the real property. The sale will be at the overseer's house, and continue until all is sold. A plot of the land may be seen by applying to me in Piscataway, in Prince-George's county.

A deed will be immediately made to the purchaser, and possession given.

1 ALEXANDER HAMILTON.

The Subscriber hath received, from the latest Importations from LONDON,

A very general assortment of GOODS,

Properly chosen for the approaching Season, which he will sell at the most reduced Prices, for

CASH or Good BILLS on LONDON.

1 JAMES MACKUBIN.

N. B. He also again takes the liberty of calling on those who have been long indebted to him for former dealings, by bond, note or open account, to come and settle their respective balances, to prevent the trouble of suits, or an assignment of their obligations, which must inevitably happen, unless due attention is paid to this request. 1 4w J. M.

DAVID BANGS,

BOOT & SHOE-MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public in general, and his friends in particular, that he has removed from Church-street to Tabernacle-street, four doors below Mr. William Cooke's, where he carries on his business in all its various branches in the neatest and most fashionable manner, and on the lowest terms. As he has supplied himself with the best materials of all kinds in that branch, and is determined to carry on his business with the greatest punctuality and dispatch, he hopes, by his attention, to merit the custom of those who please to favour him with their commands. 1

ALL persons having just claims against the estate of THOMAS GASSAWAY, deceased, are requested to bring them in legally authenticated that a settlement may take place, and those indebted to him are desired to make payment without delay, to

1 6 7/6 ELIZA GASSAWAY, Administratix.

ANNAPOLIS RACES.

ON Wednesday the 13th of October, 1790, will be run for over the course near Annapolis, a subscription purse of FIFTY POUNDS, free for any horse, mare or gelding, except the horse winning the jockey club purse; heats four miles each; four years old to carry seven stone, five years old to carry seven stone ten pounds, six years old to carry eight stone seven pounds, aged nine stone.

On Thursday the 14th of October, a purse of THIRTY POUNDS, free for any horse, mare or gelding, of three and four years old; four years old to carry seven stone, three years old a feather; heats two miles each.

Any horse winning two clear heats to be entitled to the purse; three horses to start each day, or no race; the winning horse the first day excluded the second day.

Entrance the first day eight dollars, and for the second four dollars; the horses to be entered with Mr. George Mann the day preceding the race, or pay double entrance at the post—and to start each day at eleven o'clock. Proper judges will be appointed for the race. 1

THOMAS PRYSE,

Saddler and Harness-Maker,

ANNAPOLIS,

INFORMS his old customers, and the public in general, that he continues to make and sell every article in the SADDLING and HARNESS-MAKING BUSINESS in the newest fashion, and on the lowest terms.

He has now on hand a handsome assortment of women's and men's best saddles, saddle-clothes, saddle-bags, bridles, chaise and phaeton harness, cart and waggon ditto—all which he is determined to sell at the Baltimore prices, and warranted as neat and as good in quality—He lines, paints and repairs, all kinds of carriages in the neatest and best manner. He returns his thanks to those who have been pleased to employ him, and hopes for a continuance of their favours.

WANTED, as an apprentice to the above business, a BOY about fourteen years of age.

To be SOLD as above, a neat CHAISE and HARNESS complete, with a top—cheap for CASH. 1

LOTTERY:

THE proprietor of which has for his object the disposal of a very valuable PLANTATION, containing 250 acres, or thereabouts, of choice land, beautifully and conveniently situated on the river Severn, within five miles of Annapolis, and eighteen of Baltimore-town, valued for the fertility of its soil, being adapted to every species of country produce.—— There is about one hundred acres of said land cleared, and under good fence, on which is a good dwelling-house, with some useful out offices, a good orchard in full bearing, and a fine stream of water running through the same. The remainder of said land abound with heavy hickory, black oak and walnut.

It must be obvious to every person, that this scheme holds out more advantages to adventurers than any yet offered to the public, as no sum is sunk, but the purchase of said plantation, which sum constitutes the capital prize.

The proprietor further assures the public, that the said plantation, together with the house and out offices, cost him one hundred and fifty pounds, and upwards, over and above the sum annexed to it in the scheme; and pledges himself to make a good and lawful title of said land to the fortunate adventurer as soon as the drawing of said lottery is over; the remainder of the prizes to be paid as soon as drawn. The title-deed to be seen by applying to

RICHARD BURLAND.

SCHEME.

			Dollars.
1	Prize of the said plantation, valued at		2700
2	Ditto of	100 Dollars each, are	200
3	Ditto	50 Ditto,	150
4	Ditto	40 Ditto,	160
6	Ditto	30 Ditto,	180
8	Ditto	20 Ditto,	160
12	Ditto	10 Ditto,	120
466	Ditto	5 Ditto,	2330
502	Prizes.		6000
998	Blanks.		
1500	Tickets, at four dollars each, are		6000

MANAGERS.

In BALTIMORE.

Mr. William M'Laughlin,	Mr. Christopher Raborg,
Mr. Charles Garts,	Captain Joshua Barney,
Mr. James Somervell,	Mr. William Raborg,
Mr. William Gibson,	Mr. Jacob Graybell,
Mr. Edward Pannell,	Mr. Standish Barry.

ANNAPOLIS.

Mr. James Williams,	Mr. Frederick Grammar.

Baltimore, September 6, 1790. 1

ALL persons, having just claims against the estate of the late THOMAS RUTLAND, son of EDMUND, are requested to make them known to the subscriber, and those indebted are desired to make payment without delay. w3

1 6 7/6 GABRIEL DUVALL, Administrator.

Alexandria, September 13, 1790.

AT a meeting of the PRESIDENT and DIRECTORS of the PATOWMACK COMPANY, at George-town, on Saturday the 11th instant—It was ORDERED, That ten pounds sterling, on each share in the said company, be paid to Mr. Wm. Hartshorne, their treasurer, on or before the first day of November next.

By order of the Board,
JOHN POTTS, jun. Sec.

1

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber means to petition Anne-Arundel county court, at November term, for a commission to mark and bound the tracts of LAND called THE GOLDEN VALLEY, and PASCAL's CHANCE, agreeable to a late act of assembly for marking and bounding lands. 4w

JAMES DISNEY.

Herring Creek, September 15, 1790. 1

Frederick county, Aug. 1, 1790.

THE subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly of the state of Maryland for a divorce from her husband, THOMAS BOYLAN.

7 MARY BOYLAN.

Anne-Arundel county, August 23, 1790.

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly of Maryland to liberate him from his present confinement in gaol, in the county aforesaid, for debts he is unable to pay. w8

4 BENJAMIN LANE.

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber means to petition the next general assembly for a law to pass enabling him to dispose of and to will certain property to which he is entitled.

4 SAMUEL JUDSON COOLIDGE.

Caroline County, Maryland, July 22, 1790.

A PETITION will be preferred to the next general assembly of this state, praying that the seat of justice for Caroline county, may be fixed by law, at CHOPTANK Bridge. 5

☞ NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested—

THAT I intend to apply to Anne-Arundel county court, at their sitting in November next, for a commission to prove and mark the ancient bounds and lines of the following tracts of land, or parts of tracts or parcels of land, contiguous and adjoining each other, in the county aforesaid, to wit——Part of ARNOLD GRAY, Part of ROPER RANGE, Part of BRIGHT SEAT, Part of SNOWDEN's REPUTATION SUPPORTED, Part of LINTHICOMB's WALKS, and COPE's HILLS, all adjoining each other, and pursuant to the directions of the act, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands.

RICHARD HOPKINS, of GERRARD.

September 1, 1790. 4X

NOTICE,

THAT a petition will be preferred to the next general assembly of Maryland to establish a market in Easton, and to regulate the same.

AUGUST 25, 1790. 4 8 w

To the free and independent VOTERS of MARYLAND.

GENTLEMEN,

I TAKE this mode of informing you that I offer myself as a candidate for the lower eastern shore district of this state at the ensuing election of representatives of congress—and I chose this manner of soliciting the honour of your suffrages, because I deemed it most respectful, and that my ambition to serve you to the best of my humble abilities might be easily and extensively known.

I am, Gentlemen,
With the greatest respect,
Your devoted servant,
5 W. V. MURRAY.

Cambridge, Lower E. S. District,
August 22, 1790.

TO BE RENTED,

THE HOUSE

Now occupied by G. Duvall, Esquire.

POSSESSION may be had on the first day of October. The above property will be sold for cash or on credit. Inquire of the PRINTERS. 6

In virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, iſſued at the inſtance of the ſtate of Maryland, and to me directed, will be EXPOSED to SALE, on the premiſes, for ready caſh only, on the 28th of October next, if fair, if otherwiſe the next fair day,

THAT well known and valuable tract of land called Okington, whereon the late Mr. Joſhua Brown lived, in Harford county, near Havre-de-Grace, on the Suſquehanna, containing, by patent, 703½ acres. This excellent farm is finely ſituated on the Bay ſhore, and has almoſt every poſſible advantage to recommend it: The ſoil is equal to any in the county, and well calculated for the production of tobacco, graſs, and grain of every kind: The ſituation is healthy and pleaſant, and the land well timbered: The purchaſer will alſo have the advantage of ſeveral fiſheries, and of an eaſy commodious water carriage of his product to market. This farm is at preſent in good order, well fenced, has a convenient dwelling houſe on it, ſeveral meadows and other valuable improvements.

On the ſame day, and at the ſame place, will alſo be expoſed to ſale, in virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, to me directed, to ſatisfy a debt due to the ſtate of Maryland from Samuel Groom Oſborn, ſundry valuable negroes, the property of the ſaid Oſborn.

On Saturday the 30th of October, if fair, if otherwiſe the next fair day, will alſo be expoſed to ſale, at the town of Joppa, in Harford county, in virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, to me directed, a tract of land, the property of the ſaid Samuel Groom Oſborn, ſituate on the road between Belle-Air and Havre-de-Grace, in ſaid county, whereon Daniel Baylis now lives, containing 101½ acres.

On Monday the firſt of November next, if fair, if not the enſuing fair day, will alſo be expoſed to ſale, at the dwelling houſe of the late Benjamin Bradford Norris, Eſq; near Belle-Air, in Harford county, in virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, to ſatisfy a debt due to the ſtate of Maryland from the ſaid Benjamin B. Norris, part of a tract of land called Burr, containing for the ſaid part 224 acres, and a tract of land called Norris's Chance, containing 362 acres, lying within two miles of Belle-Air, and well improved.

On Tueſday the ſecond of November next, if fair, if not the next fair day, will alſo be expoſed to ſale, in virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, to ſatisfy a debt due to the ſtate of Maryland from John Love, Eſquire, at the dwelling plantation of the ſaid John Love, the following parcels of land in Harford county, to wit:—190 acres called Love's Addition Improved; 396 acres called Waxford and Great-Britain; 100 acres called Robert's Lot; 17 acres called Bond's Fortune and Bond's Lot; 61 acres called Harſard, and part of Rigdon's Eſcape; 25 acres called Love's Chance; and 40 acres, part of Redminſter.

On Wedneſday the third of November next, if fair, if otherwiſe the enſuing fair day, at the houſe of Mr. James Amos, junior, in Harford county, will alſo be expoſed to ſale, in virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, to ſatisfy a debt due to the ſtate of Maryland, the following parcels of land in ſaid county, to wit:—a tract or part of a tract of land called The Grove Eden Hundred, containing 120 acres; alſo, one other tract of land called Brimſtone Ridge and Sons Addition, containing 310 acres, and one other tract of land called Roache's Choice, containing 40 acres.

On Thurſday the fourth of November, if fair, if otherwiſe the next fair day, at the dwelling houſe of Mr. James Amos, ſenior, will alſo be expoſed to ſale, in virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, to ſatisfy a debt due to the ſtate of Maryland from the ſaid James Amos, ſenior, the following parcels of land in Harford county, to wit:—One tract of land called James's Care, containing 135 acres; one other tract of land called Branſton Ridge, containing 95 acres; part of one other tract of land called For Hills; one other tract of land called Shaw's Dependence, containing 12; and one other tract of land called Shaw's Privilege, containing 71 acres.

On Friday the fifth of November next, if fair, if otherwiſe the next fair day that may happen thereafter, at the dwelling houſe of Mr. Robert Amos, ſen. near the Upper Croſs-Roads, in Harford county, will alſo be expoſed to ſale, in virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, to ſatisfy a debt due to the ſtate of Maryland from the ſaid Robert Amos, ſenior, the following parcels of land in ſaid county, to wit:—One tract of land called Good Hope, containing 614 acres; one other tract called Robert's Enlargement, containing 77½ acres; one other tract called Spaniſh Oak Hill, containing 37½ acres; one other tract called The Bottom, containing three acres; one other tract called John's Refuſe, containing 38 acres; part of one other tract called Branſton Ridge, containing 29 acres; part of one other tract called Amos's Purſuit, containing 101 acres; alſo part of one other tract called Saplin Ridge, containing 49½ acres; part of another tract called Amos's Outlet, containing 16 acres; and a tract called White Glaid, containing 30 acres.

The aforeſaid ſales to begin at eleven o'clock each day, and to be ſold for caſh only.

WILLIAM OSBORN, Sheriff of Harford county.

2

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT the ſubſcriber intends to petition the court of Anne-Arundel county, at their next November term, for a commiſſion, under the late act of aſſembly, to aſcertain and fix the boundaries and lines of two tracts of LAND, lying in the ſaid county, called HIS LORDSHIP's JUSTICE, and FORCE PUT FOR PREVENTION.

RICHARD RICHARDSON.

Weſt River, September 13, 1790. 2

To be SOLD at Public Sale,

On Saturday the ninth of October next, at the dwelling plantation of Mr. WALTER PYE, near Port-Tobacco, for READY CASH,

A TRACT of LAND, lying in Convallius Neck, called and known by the name of Hall's Leaſe, containing 38 acres, one NEGRO WOMAN, a valuable MARE, and ſundry articles of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and PLANTATION UTENSILS. The above property to be ſold for the uſe of the ſaid W. Pye's creditors.

HOSKINS HANSON, IGNATIUS MATTHEWS, } Truſtees.

Charles county, September 6, 1790. 2

By virtue of two writs of *venditioni exponas* to me directed from the general court, will be SOLD, on Monday the 18th day of October next, at the houſe of Mr. Thomas Crackels, in Port-Tobacco-Town, between the hours of eleven and two of the clock,

PART of a tract of LAND called HARWOOD, containing five hundred and ninety-ſix acres, the property of Mungo Muſchett. One third of a part of a tract of LAND called COCKSHETT, and one third of a tract of LAND by the name of The WIDOWS DREAM, the property of Joſeph Simms—taken in execution, and ſold to ſatisfy a debt due from them as ſecurities for Hoſkins Hanſon, former collector of Charles county, to the ſtate of Maryland.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff of Charles county.

Sept. 7, 1790. 2

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT we intend to petition the next general aſſembly for an act to ſell the lands left to William and James Williams, by their father Joſeph Williams, for the benefit of the ſaid childern.

ANNE WILLIAMS, JAMES HEARD, JAMES WILLIAMS.

St. Mary's county, Aug. 30, 1790. 2

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT the veſtry of St. Peter's pariſh, in Talbot county, intend to petition the next general aſſembly for an act to enable them to diſpoſe of the materials of the old chapel, and the ground thereto belonging.

St. Peter's pariſh, September 6, 1790. 2

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT the ſubſcriber intends to petition the court of Anne-Arundel county, at their next November term, for a commiſſion, under the late act of aſſembly, to aſcertain and fix the boundaries and lines of a tract of LAND called HOWARD's RANGE, lying in the county aforeſaid, near Elk-Ridge Landing.

HORATIO JOHNSON.

September 13, 1790. 2

☞ NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT the ſubſcriber intends to petition the general aſſembly of Maryland for an act to releaſe him from debts which he is unable to pay.

WILLIAM GILLIS.

Somerſet county, July 31, 1790. 7

Sheriff's Sales.

By virtue of ſundry writs of *venditioni exponas*, from the general court, to me directed, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, viz.

ON the 28th day of September, inſt. at the plantation of Mr. Thomas Lane, in Anne-Arundel county, near Mount-Pleaſant ferry, one negro woman, and four children, late the property of Gabriel Lane, deceaſed—Seized and taken to ſatisfy a debt due John Rogers and others.

On Friday the firſt day of October next, will be expoſed to public ſale, at Mr. William Spurrier's tavern, the following tracts or parcels of land, lying in Anne-Arundel county, viz. one undivided third part of 1942 acres of land called Andover; one undivided moiety of a tract of land called Huntington Quarter, containing 343 acres; one undivided third part of Walker's Inheritance, containing 1350 acres; one undivided third part of a tract of land called Littleworth, containing 100 acres; one undivided third part of a tract of land called Young's Chance, containing 85 acres; one undivided third part of a tract of land called Friendſhip, containing 105 acres; one undivided third part of two tracts of land lying on Magothy river, where Richard Jacobs formerly lived, containing 400 acres: one undivided third part of a tract of land called Scott's Folly, containing 134 acres; and one undivided third part of a tract of land called Bucks Luck, containing 105 acres.

And, on Friday the 8th day of October, will be expoſed to public ſale, at the plantation of John Mackall, in Anne-Arundel county, ſundry negroes, conſiſting of men, women, boys and girls, late the property of the ſaid Mackall, ſeized and taken to ſatisfy a debt due Forreſt and Stoddert. The above property to be ſold for caſh only.

BEN. HOWARD, Sheriff.

September 7, 1790. 3

Auguſt 13, 1790.

ALL perſons indebted to the ESTATE of JOHN HALL, late of Weſt river, deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate payment, and thoſe having claims are requeſted to bring them in legally atteſted, to WILLIAM HENRY HALL, Executor.

Sheriff's Sales.

TO BE SOLD,

At Mr. JOHN SUTER's, in George-Town, on the 11th Day of October next,

SUNDRY tracts of LAND, taken by virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, iſſued by the ſtate of Maryland againſt the property of the ſecurities of John H. Nicholls, late collector of the tax for Montgomery county, viz. one tract or parcel of land called Blue Hill, containing 64 acres; one tract of land called Hay Part, containing 40 acres; Part of the Reſurvey on Wolf's Cow, containing 820 acres; Part of Magruder and Beall's Honeſty, and part of the Reſurvey thereon, containing 250 acres, the property of Robert Peter.—And on the following day, at the ſame place, will be ſold ſeveral houſes and lots in George-town, taken by virtue of the ſame writ of *fieri facias*, viz. one lot or portion of ground in George-town known and diſtinguiſhed by number eight, containing ſixty-ſeven feet four inches and a half front, and three hundred and ninety-nine feet back, whereon is a good framed ſtore-houſe, the property of colonel John Murdock; one lot or portion of ground in George-town, known and diſtinguiſhed by number twenty, containing ſixty-ſix feet front, and three hundred and ninety-nine feet back, whereon is a framed dwelling houſe, the property of Richard Thompſon; one lot or portion of ground in Beatty, Threlkeld and Deakins, addition to George-town, known and diſtinguiſhed by number one, containing thirty feet front, and one hundred feet back, whereon is a framed ſtore-houſe, the property of William Deakins, junior; part of a lot or portion of ground in George-town, known and diſtinguiſhed by number forty-ſeven, containing thirty feet front, and ſeventy feet back, ſubject to a ground rent of ten ſhillings currency per foot, whereon is a large two-ſtory brick ſtore houſe, and a framed granary, the property of Bernard O'Neill.

BENJAMIN W. JONES, Sheriff.

Auguſt 28, 1790. 4

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas* to me directed from the general court, and by the direction of William Campbell, Eſquire, agent to the ſtate of Maryland, will be SOLD, in Port-Tobacco town, at the houſe of Mr. Thomas Crackels, between the hours of eleven and four o'clock, on Monday the 18th of October next, for READY CASH,

PART of a tract of land called THOMPSON's CHANCE, containing fifty-five acres and one third of an acre; a life eſtate in one other tract of land called THOMPSON's CHANCE, containing two hundred and ſeventy-eight acres; and the reverſion of one other tract of land called HARWOOD, containing fifty acres; taken and ſold to ſatisfy a debt due the ſtate of Maryland, from Hoſkins Hanſon, Eſq; late collector of Charles county.

FRANCIS WARE, late Sheriff of Charles county.

September 1, 1790. 3

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT ſuch property as was taken in execution for arrears of taxes due the late THOMAS WILLIAMS, collector of Prince-George's county, advertiſed laſt fall, and now remains unſettled for, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on the days and at the places following, viz.—at MAGRUDER's FERRY the 16th inſtant—at NOTTINGHAM the 6th of September—at UPPER MARLBOROUGH the 13th—at PISCATAWAY the 20th——and at BLADENSBURGH the 27th—if fair, if not on the next fair day. Attendance, with the books, will be given at thoſe places day or two before the days of ſale, in order that thoſe in arrears may come in and ſettle their reſpective balances.

RINALDO JOHNSON.

Upper-Marlborough, Auguſt 7, 1790. 11 8

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT the PROPRIETORS of The LOWER MARSH in Queen-Anne's and Caroline counties, intend petitioning the next general aſſembly for an amendment to the act made the laſt ſeſſion for draining and reclaiming of the ſaid Marſh.

W. B.

September 1, 1790. 4

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT the ſubſcriber intends to petition the next general aſſembly to confirm the laſt WILL and TESTAMENT of JOHN HICKS TRAVERS, late of Dorcheſter county, deceaſed, according to the intention of the teſtator.

HENRY HICKS TRAVERS.

Auguſt 13, 1790. 6

Take Notice!

WE, the ſubſcribers, intend to petition the next county court of Anne-Arundel, for a commiſſion to eſtabliſh the boundaries and lines of TIMBER NECK, GOSLING's ADVENTURE, VACANT LANE, TAYLOR's LOT, MILFORD, and PROCTER's PARK.

DORSEY JACOBS, ZACHARIAH JACOBS, FRANCIS CROMWELL.

September 2, 1790. 3

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